Click'aV[®] Ligating Clips Appliers Instructions for use

Ref. no.:

0301-04MEN, 0301-04MEA20N, 0301-04MEA45N, 0301-04MEBN, 0301-04MEA20BN, 0301-04MEA45BN, 0301-04MLEN, 0301-04MLEA20N, 0301-04MLEA45N, 0301-04MLEBN, 0301-04MLEA20BN, 0301-04MLEA45BN, 0301-04LEN, 0301-04LEBN, 0301-04XLEN, 0301-04XLEBN, 0301-04XXLEN, 0301-04XXLEBN, 0301-04XXLE

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The instructions provided herein are not intended to serve as a comprehensive manual for surgical techniques related to the use of the Click'aV® Ligating Clips Appliers. Acquiring proficiency in surgical techniques necessitates direct engagement with our company or an authorized distributor to access detailed technical instructions, consult professional medical literature, and complete requisite training under the mentorship of a surgeon skilled in minimally invasive procedures. Prior to utilization of the device, we strongly advise a thorough review of all information contained in this manual. Failure to adhere to these guidelines may result in severe surgical outcomes, including patient injury, contamination, infection, cross-infection, or death.

Indications: Grena Click'aV® Ligating Clips Appliers are indicated for use as delivery devices for Grena Click'aV[®] and Click'aV PlusTM polymer ligating clips during laparoscopic and thoracoscopic surgical procedures. It is crucial to ensure the proper compatibility between the size of the occluded tissue and the selected clips to achieve optimal performance and safety.

Patient target group - adult and adolescent patients of all genders. Intended users: product is intended to be used exclusively by qualified medical professionals

Contraindications:

DO NOT use for tubal ligation as contraceptive method due to lack of sufficient data on efficacy and safety in these conditions.

DO NOT use for renal artery ligation during laparoscopic live donor nephrectomy. DO NOT use to apply clips as a tissue marker.

Description of the device:

Click'aV® Ligating Clips Appliers are reusable surgical instruments. The appliers feature a non-detachable design and an integrated flushing channel to facilitate the removal of debris from the shaft, ensuring optimal hygiene and performance. Each size of a clip must be applied using a corresponding and compatible clip applier. Appliers for M and ML sizes are compatible with 5 mm trocar cannulas, while appliers for L, XL, and XXL sizes require 10 mm trocar cannulas. The appliers are equipped with the innovative HERO[™] (High Energy Override) mechanism, which limits the compression exerted by the jaws to a predetermined level. This feature ensures the prevention of excessive tissue compression, enhances patient safety, and extends the durability of the instrument by protecting its internal mechanisms and jaws. The applier's shaft can be rotated 360° relative to the handle. Bariatric versions are indicated designated by letter "B" index in the reference number.

Instructions for use:

- Choose the appropriate size of the clip and the compatible applier
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- Confirm the compatibility of all devices prior to use. Adhering to aseptic procedures, remove the clips cartridge from its sterile packing. To prevent any damage of the device place it on a sterile surface. 3.
- Crip the applier around the shaft. Such a grip ensures that the jaws of the device remain fully open, which is essential for proper clip loading. Align applier around the shaft. Such a grip ensures that the jaws of the device remain fully open, which is essential for proper clip loading. Align applier jaws vertically and laterally over a clip in the cartridge and advance product jaws into the slot of the clip cartridge ensuring they are perpendicular to the surface of the cartridge. Incorrect position of the jaws during loading may lead to incorrect seating of the clip in the jaws, which may result in the inability to securely close the clip, its cracking, deformation or falling out of the applier. Advance the jaws gently till there is an audible click. Do not use force to push the applier should move inside and outside of the slot easily. Using excessive force to push the applier around be particular to the applier and be particular to the applier and be proved in the cartridge to exceed the device the applier and outside of the slot easily. Using excessive force to push the applier and be particular to a function. 6. Remove the applier from the cartridge. It may be necessary to hold the cartridge to allow the clip to be removed. Verify that the clip is securely affixed in the jaws. The clip bosses should seat in the notches of the
- applier's jaws. Incorrect seating of the clip in the jaws, may result in the inability to securely close the clip, its cracking, deformation or falling out of the applier. Sufficiently skeletonize the structure to be ligated to allow locking mechanism of the clip to be clear of the tissue to avoid penetration of the latch through the tissue. Penetration of the tissue by the latch affects
- closure security, may deform or even break the clip. Squeeze the applier handles gently (without locking the clip) and insert the applier jaws and shaft down the cannula. Maintain compression on the applier handles until the jaws clear the cannula, as most
- cannulas have an inner diameter smaller than the opened jaws of the applier. Squeezing of the applier's handles may be also necessary when withdrawing the applier from the cannula. If the handles are not sufficiently squeezed, the jaws of the applier can scrape the material from the inside of the cannula and detached plastic particles can fall into the body cavities.
- During application, rotate endoapplier's shaft so that the single big tooth of the clip's latch is oriented downward and visible from the top and side at a time. This allows the user to visually confirm encapsulation of the structure being ligated and the latch of the clip being free of the tissue. 9 Position the clip around the structure intended for ligation in a manner that provides clear visualization of the locking mechanism. Apply appropriate force to close the clip completely until it locks shut, making sure it

is placed properly. Releasing the pressure on the handles vial cause the applier jaws to spring open. Note: When during squeezing the trigger perceptible resistance occurs means the HEROTM mechanism is activated. If clip is still not closed properly squeeze trigger to override resistance to exert higher force on the jaws and to close the clip. HEROTM mechanism will NOT allow to exceed maximum safe force exerted on the tissue and applier's construction.

10. Remove the applier from the surgical site.

Compatibility:

Click'aV® and Click'aV Plus™ clips size	Compatible Click'aV® Ligating Clip Appliers	Ligated structure size in [mm]
М	0301-04MEN, 0301-04MEA20N, 0301-04MEA45N, 0301-04MEBN, 0301-04MEA20BN, 0301-04MEA45BN	2 to 7
ML	0301-04MLEN, 0301-04MLEA20N, 0301-04MLEA45N, 0301-04MLEBN, 0301-04MLEA20BN, 0301-04MLEA45BN	3 to 10
L	0301-04LEN, 0301-04LEBN	5 to 13
XL	0301-04XLEN, 0301-04XLEBN	7 to 16
XXL	0301-04XXLEN, 0301-04XXLEBN	10 to 22



¹<u>Warnings and precautions measures:</u>

- Carefully inspect instrument for any signs of damage after and before each use. Do not use damaged appliers, as this may result in improper clip placement. When closed, jaw tips should be directly aligned and not offset. Always check the alignment of the applier jaws before use. Misalignment of the jaws may cause severe clip deformation during closure, preventing proper latching and potentially leading to patient injury.
- Any surgical and minimally invasive procedures should be performed only by persons having adequate training and familiarity with the techniques. Consult medical literature relative to techniques, complications,
- and hazards prior to performance of any surgical procedure. Surgical instruments may vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. When surgical instruments and accessories from different manufacturers are employed together in a procedure, verify compatibility prior to initiation of the procedure. Failure to do so can result in an extended procedure time, inability to perform surgery or necessity to convert to an open surgery. Click'aV[®] appliers are compatible with Click'aV[®] and Click'aV PlusTM clips only and are <u>not</u> compatible with LigaV[®] or Vclip[®] clips. Always ensure that correct Grena applier type was selected prior to initiation of the procedure. Failure to do so can result in inability to perform surgery. 3.
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- Surgeon is fully responsible for selecting proper surgical technique, type and size of the tissue and vessels appropriate for ligation, size of the clip and corresponding applier, as well as determining the number of clips needed to achieve satisfactory haemostasis and closure security. 5.
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- 8.
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- needed to achieve satisfactory haemostasis and closure security. Do not use the clip loaded into the jaws or applier alone as a dissecting instrument, as clip may drop off and applier's tips may cause tissue injury. Always confirm that the clip remains securely in the applier jaws after passing the applier and clip trough the cannula. Do not attempt to close the jaws on any tissue structure without a clip properly loaded into the jaws. Closure of empty jaws on a vessel or anatomic structure may result in patient injury. Do not attempt to close the jaw on any tissue structure without a clip properly loaded into the jaws. Closure of empty jaws on a vessel or anatomic structure may result in patient injury. Do not squeeze the applier over other surgical instruments, staples, clips, gallstones or other hard structures as it may cause the clip to break. After each clip is placed it is required to close the applier fully. A partial squeeze may result in clip dislocation leading to improper ligation. The clip must be securely latched to ensure proper ligation is instrument as of the application so to miss accidental displacement of the clip. Click'aV[®] and Click'aV PlusTM ligating clips can be opened with specially designed clip remover. It is highly recommended that remover be readily available during surgery involving the use of Click'aV[®] and Click'aV PlusTM ligating clips. Once opened, the clip must be discarded and should not be reapplied again even if no visible damage is present. Clip opened with the remover may develop microcracks and such clip could break or slip of the vessel leading to haemorrhade. clip could break or slip off the vessel leading to haemorrhage. When working with the Click'aV® applier, carefully follow the instructions for use of Click'aV® and Click'aV Plus[™] ligating clips.
- If it is necessary to dispose of the product, it must be done in accordance with all applicable local regulations including, without limitation, those pertaining to human health and safety and the environment. Exercise caution when there is a potential for exposure to blood or bodily fluids. Adhere to hospital protocols regarding the use of protective wear and equipment. 14 15

Ligating Clips Appliers warranty All Grena Click'aV® Ligating Clips Appliers are covered by one year warranty. Grena will repair free of charge any applier, provided it is used for normal surgical purposes with Grena ligating clips for which it was designed, and has not been repaired by unauthorized personnel. If an applier malfunction occurs which is caused by the use of a non-Grena clips, the warranty does not apply.

Reprocessing instructions:

The following sections outline the steps required for the reprocessing of Grena Click'aV® and Click'aV PlusTM Ligating Clips Appliers. Instructions for use - Click'aV® Ligating Clips Appliers 30.01.2025

WARNINGS	ATTENTION: Flushing channel is long and narrow. It requires special attention during cleaning to remove all the soil from it. Do not use solidifying detergents as they can clog flushing char lumen.
	ATTENTION: The user/processor should comply with local laws and ordinances in countries where reprocessing requirements are more stringent than those detailed in this manual. Furthermore the hospital hygiene regulations must be observed as well as the recommendation of the relevant professional associations.
	ATTENTION: Used devices must be thoroughly processed according to these instructions prior to use.
	ATTENTION: Universal Precautions should be observed by all hospital personnel that work with contaminated or potentially contaminated medical devices. To avoid injury caution should exercised when handling devices with sharp points or cutting edges.
	ATTENTION: During all reprocessing steps Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be worn when handling or working with contaminated or potentially contaminated materials, devi and equipment to prevent cross-contamination. PPE includes gowns, masks, goggles or face shields, gloves and shoe covers. Observe the usual regulations for handling contaminated objects and the following precautionary measures: - Use protective gloves when touching. - Isolate the contaminated material using suitable packaging and labeling.
	ATTENTION: Do not place heavy instruments on top of delicate devices. Metal brushes or scouring pads must not be used during manual cleaning procedures. These materials will dama the surface and finish of the instruments. Soft bristled, nylon brushes and pipe cleaners should be used.
	ATTENTION: Do not allow contaminated devices to dry prior to reprocessing. All subsequent cleaning and sterilization steps are facilitated by not allowing blood, body fluid, bone and tis debris, saline, or disinfectants to dry on used devices. Used devices must be transported to the central supply in dosed or covered containers to prevent unnecessary contamination risk.
	ATTENTION: After the treatment is over, all parts that come into contact with the patient must be cleaned and disinfected.
	ATTENTION: Only use cleaning agents / disinfectants approved for the reprocessing of medical devices. Observe the manufacturer's instructions for the cleaning / disinfecting agents. If unsuitable cleaning or disinfecting solutions are used, or if unsuitable cleaning or disinfection procedures are applied, this can have negative consequences for the devices: - Damage or corrosion - Discoloration of the product - Corrosion of metal parts - Reduced service life
	 Expiration of the guarantee ATTENTION: Grena Ltd. recommends using only EN ISO 15883-1 and -2 compliant washer-disinfectors for automated cleaning / disinfection. It is recommended that mechanical reprocess should, if possible, be given preference over manual reprocessing methods.
Limitations on	Instruments are delivered non-sterile and must be cleaned and sterilized before each use.
	damaged or corroded instruments. Use of hard water should be avoided. Softened tap water may be used for initial rinsing. Purified water should be used for final rinsing to eliminate limescale deposits on the devi
reprocessing:	Extensive use or repeated reprocessing can have significant impact on the instruments. Product lifetime is determined by prints of wear and damages due to usage. Do not
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reprocessing: INSTRUCTIONS Point of use: Containment and transportation: Preparation for cleaning:	Extensive use or repeated reprocessing can have significant impact on the instruments. Product lifetime is determined by prints of wear and damages due to usage. Do not damaged or corroded instruments. Use of hard water should be avoided. Softened tap water may be used for initial rinsing. Purified water should be used for final rinsing to eliminate limescale deposits on the devidence or more of the following processes may be used to purify water; ultra-filter (UF), reverse-osmosis (RO), deionized (DI), or equivalent.

Cleaning/ Disinfection: Automated	 Equipment - Washer / disinfector, pH neutral or alkaline proteolytic enzymatic detergent, Steris 1B33B3 soft bristle brush or similar, cleaning pressure pistol or high volume syringe, ultrasonic water bath. Endoscopic instruments have channels, crevices and fine joints. Dried soiling is very difficult to remove from such areas by automated cleaning. In order to achieve effective cleaning, it is necessary to remove massive impurities before claunated reprocessing, therefore Grena Ltd. recommends manual pre-cleaning. In particular, make sure to pre-clean the shaft before cleaning in the washer / disinfector. Validated pre-cleaning procedure: Scak the device in a washing/disinfecting solution for 5 minutes. (4% Sekusept Activ, 30-35°C was used for validation) Using soft brist brush and keeping the device inside the soaking solution apply washing/disinfecting solution to all surfaces ensuring that jaws are cleaned in both opened and closed positions. Make sure that all visible contamination has been removed. Flush the inside of the shaft with the solution. Rinse instrument with tap water (<40° °C), while actuating device unit there is onig on 6 blodo or soil on the device or in the rinse stream, but at least for 3 minutes. Use a high-volume syringe (or cleaning procedure: Grena Ltd. recommends the use of an EN ISO 15883-1 and -2 compliant cleaning / disinfection device in combination with a suitable load carrier. Follow the instructions for use of the manufacturer of the washer / disinfector. Validated automatic cleaning procedure: Cold pre-wash, water + d¹⁰C, 1 min. Vashing, hot water, 10 minutes, detergent concentration and temperature as per manufacturer's recommendation (process validated with 0,7% Thermosept® RKF, 55 °C). Neutralization,		
Desiner	Dry any remaining moisture with a clean, absorbent, non-shedding cloth. Use compressed medical air or a high volume syringe to blow flushing channel and jaws hinge until no more		
Drying:	moisture escapes.		
Maintenance:	Hinges and other moving parts should be lubricated with a water soluble product intended for surgical instruments that must be sterilized. Manufacturer's expiration dates should be adhered to for both stock and use-dilution concentrations.		
Increation and	lease at the device for functionality. In some of any technical importance instrument must be released		
Inspection and function testing:	Inspect the device for functionality – in case of any technical impairment instrument must be rejected. Check the action of moving parts (e.g. jaws, hinges, connectors, etc.) to ensure smooth operation throughout the intended range of motion. Check jaws for excessive play. Visually inspect for damage and wear. Pay attention to proper jaws alignment. Check the shaft for distortion. Carefully inspect each device to ensure that all visible contamination has been removed. If contamination is noted, repeat the cleaning / disinfection process. Discard damaged instruments.		
Packaging:	Singly: A standard commercially available, medical grade steam sterilization pouches or wrap may be used. Ensure that the pack is large enough to contain the device without stressing the seals. Do not use packaging that is too large to prevent the instruments from sliding around in the packaging. In sets: Instruments may be loaded into general-purpose sterilization trays. Trays and cases with lids may be wrapped in standard medical grade, steam sterilization wrap. Ensure that jaws are protected. The total weight of a wrapped instrument tray or case should not exceed 11.4kg/25lbs for the safety of the personnel handling instrument sets; instrument cases exceeding 11.4kg/25lbs should be split into separate trays for sterilization. All devices must be arranged to ensure steam penetration to all instrument surfaces. Instruments should not be stacked or placed in close contact. The user must ensure that the instrument case is not tipped or the contents shifted once the devices are arranged in the case. Silicone mats may be used to keep devices in place. Devices for validation of sterilization process were packed in pouches compliant with EN ISO 11607-1.		
Sterilization:	Equipment: Grena Ltd. recommends the use of a sterilizer in accordance with EN ISO 17665 or EN 285. The sterilization must be carried out in packaging suitable for the sterilization process. The packaging should comply with EN ISO 11607 (e.g. paper / laminate film). Moist head/steam sterilization is the preferred and recommended method for Grena devices. The hospital is responsible for in-house procedures for the inspection, and packaging of the instruments after they are thoroughly cleaned in a manner that will ensure steam penetration and adequate drying. Provisions for protection of any sharp or potentially dangerous areas of the instruments should also be recommended by the hospital. Sterilizer Manufacturer's Instructions for operations and load configuration should be followed explicitly. When sterilizing multiple instrument sets in one sterilization cycle, ensure that the manufacturer's maximum load is not exceeded. Instrument sets should be properly prepared and packaged in trays and/or cases that will allow steam to penetrate and make direct contact with all surfaces. CAUTION: Plasma gas sterilization should not be used. ATTENTION: Never sterilize uncleaned instruments! The success of a sterilization depends on the previous cleaning status! Minimum validated steam sterilization parameters required to achieve a 10 ⁻⁶ sterility assurance level (SAL) are as follows: C/cle type Temperature [°C] Exposure time [min] Pressure [bar] Drying time [min] Fractional prevacuum 10 kPa 134 3 >3 15 NOTE: One should remember that any ster		
Storage:	Sterile, packaged instruments should be stored in a designated, limited access area that is well ventilated and provides protection from dust, insects, vermin, and temperature/humidity extremes.		
Additional information:	The instructions provided above have been recommended by the medical device manufacturer as being CAPABLE of preparing a medical device for re-use. It remains the responsibility of the processor to ensure that the processing as actually performed using equipment, materials and personnel in the processing facility achieve the desired result. This requires validation and routine monitoring of the process. Likewise any deviation by the processor from the recommendations provided should be properly evaluated for effectiveness and potential adverse consequences. Users must then establish an appropriate cleaning protocol for the reusable medical devices used at their sites, using the recommendations of the device manufacturer and cleaner manufacturer. Because of the many variables involved in sterilization / decontamination, each Medical Facility should calibrate and verify the sterilization / decontamination process (e.g., temperatures, times) used with their equipment. It is the responsibility of the Medical Facility to ensure that reprocessing is performed using the appropriate equipment and materials, and that personnel in the reprocessing facility have been adequately trained in order to achieve the desired result.		
A notice to the user and/or patient:	If any serious incident has occurred in relation to the device it should be reported to the manufacturer and the competent authority of the Member State in which the user and/or patient established.		
Manufacturer contact:	See the headline of instructions for use.		
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You can enter the website directly by typing in www.grena.co.uk/IFU in your browser.

Make sure that paper version of IFU in your possession is in the latest revision prior to use of the device. Always use the IFU in the latest revision.

